

Report of Calibration

Model: 9260	Serial No.: B4A373	Customer: VIDITEC SA BUENOS AIRES ARGENTINA	
Description: Calibration Furnace			
Received Condition: New	Procedure: HST185 - 2	As Left Condition: In Tolerance	Calibration Range (Limited or Full): Full


The above referenced instrument was calibrated by direct measurement of generated temperatures using the reference standards listed in the "Test Equipment" table at the bottom of this report. The internal calibration constants and the data obtained are shown on page 2. A Test Uncertainty Ratio (TUR) of at least 4:1 was maintained unless otherwise indicated. This calibration is traceable to NIST or natural physical constants and is in compliance with ANSI/NCSL Z540-1 and MIL-STD 45662A.

Test Equipment

Instrument	Model	Serial No.	Recall Date
Precision Digital Thermometer	1560	A6A588	NCR
Precision Digital Thermometer	2562-H	B34268	11/06/2014
Platinum Resistance Thermometer	5628	2832	11/27/2014

Environmental Conditions:
 Temperature: 23.0°C
 Humidity: 45% RH
 Calibration Date: 10/15/2014
 Calibration Due: 10/15/2015
 PO #: IRV NO 1283
 Report No: B4A17046

Technician: 

Approved by: 

Ivars Ikstrums
 Metrologist

Report of Calibration

Model: 9260

Serial No: B4A373

Report No: B4A17046

As Found Data

No As Found Data Required

As Left Data

Calibration Constants		Test Data				
R0	99.924	Set-point °C	Actual °C	Error °C	Calibration Tolerance °C	Pass/Fail
Alpha	0.0038479	100.00	99.97	-0.03	±0.20	P
Delta	1.4763	156.00	155.97	-0.03	±0.20	P
Proportional Band	4.5	232.00	231.99	-0.01	±0.20	P
Top Zone %	76.8	420.00	419.96	-0.04	±0.30	P
Bottom Zone %	63.6	660.00	660.12	0.12	±0.50	P

型号或产品系列名称:

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下表列出了本产品的零部件名称，以及包含的超过中国标准 SJ/T 11363-2006 规定限量的有毒、有害物质。

本产品所含的有害物质或元素

零部件名称 Part Name	有毒和有害物质或元素					
	铅 (Pb)	汞 (Hg)	镉 (Cd)	六价铬 (Cr+6)	多溴联苯 (PBB)	多溴二苯醚 (PBDE)
硬质/软质手提箱 Hard/Soft Carry Case	○	○	○	○	○	○
塑料外壳 Plastic Enclosure	○	○	○	○	○	○
其它塑料零件 Other Plastic Parts	○	○	○	○	○	○
防护套 Holster	○	○	○	○	○	○
按键 Keypad	○	○	○	○	○	○
显示组件 Display Assembly	X	○	○	○	○	○
变压器和电源适配器 Transformers & Power Adaptors	X	○	○	○	○	○
电路板组件 Printed Circuit Assembly	X	○	○	○	○	○
电线和电缆 Wire & Cable	X	○	○	○	○	○
金属(底座, 面板, 分总成, 罩壳等) Metal (chassis, panels, subassemblies, shields)	○	○	○	○	○	○
紧固件 Fasteners	○	○	○	○	○	○
电池(单电池, 电池组) Battery (cells, packs)	X	○	○	○	○	○
输入/输出接口器件 I/O Interface Devices	○	○	○	○	○	○
组合驱动单元 Modular Drive Units	○	○	○	○	○	○
传感器(探测器) Sensor (detector)	X	○	○	○	○	○
光学器件 Optics	○	○	○	○	○	○
其它附件(电线电缆, 探针, 连接器) Other Accessories (cables, probes, connectors)	X	○	○	○	○	○
液体处理装置 Fluid Handling Components	○	○	○	○	○	○

X = 在该零部件至少一种均质材料中, 该有毒有害物质的含量超过了 SJ/T 11363-2006 规定的限量要求。
X = Toxic and hazardous substances in at least one homogeneous material of the part exceeds the concentration limit requirement described in SJ/T 11363-2006.
○ = 在该零部件至少一种均质材料中, 该有毒有害物质的含量或者符合 SJ/T 11363-2006 规定的限量要求, 或者表示产品中未使用此零件。
○ = Toxic and hazardous substances in all the homogeneous materials of the part is either below the concentration limit requirement described in SJ/T 11363-2006 or is not applicable because the part is not used.
当非可充电电池的电量用完时, 请取出或更换电池。
Remove or replace primary (non-rechargeable) batteries when exhausted.



表示产品含有中国 RoHS 禁止的物质; 数字表示所涉及产品和零件的“环保使用期限”。

Product contains China RoHS banned substances; the number indicates "Environmentally Friendly Use Period" (EFUP) for all enclosed products and their parts.



表示所涉及产品和零件不含有中国 RoHS 禁止的物质。

Product or parts contains no China RoHS banned substances.



**CRITICAL INFORMATION:
READ THIS BEFORE USING THE
FURNACE**



**WARNING: FURNACE IS NOT CURRENTLY CALIBRATED
FOR USE WITH FIXED-POINT CELLS**

The test report accompanying this furnace is only a verification of the functionality of the furnace at the time of manufacture and does not apply when the furnace is used with a fixed-point cell. If the furnace is to be used with fixed-point cells, the vertical gradient must be verified by the user. If the gradient is not verified, the fixed-point cell could break.

To verify the vertical gradient, use the procedure described in the User's Guide. The temperature uniformity requirements of the fixed-point cell must also be considered when verifying the vertical gradient. User's Guides for all Hart Scientific products are available at www.hartscientific.com.

Should any questions arise regarding the use of the furnace, the procedure in the User's Guide or the application involving a fixed-point cell, please contact an Authorized Service Center for assistance.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

MSDS No: 600	Date Prepared: 03/30/2004	Current Date: 2/8/2011 Last Revised: (02/08/2011)
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1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Group: ALKALINE EARTH SILICATE (AES) WOOL PRODUCT

Chemical Name: Calcium-Magnesium-Silicate Wool

Synonyms: AES Wool, CMS Wool, Synthetic Vitreous Fiber (SVF), Man-made Vitreous Fiber (MMVF), Man-made Mineral Fiber (MMMF)

Trade Names: Superwool™ (*) 607HT: Bulk, Blanket, Mat, Module, Bloc, Log, Strip, Die-Cut

Manufacturer/Supplier: Morgan Thermal Ceramics
Thermal Ceramics Inc.
P. O. Box 923; Dept. 300
Augusta, GA 30903-0923

**For Product Stewardship and Emergency Information -
Hotline: 1-800-722-5681
Fax: 706-560-4054**

For additional MSDSs and to confirm this is the most current MSDS for the product, visit our web page [www.morganthermalceramics.com].

This product may be covered by one or more of the following patents or foreign equivalents: US5332699, US5714421, US5811360, US5821183, US5928975, US5955389, US5994247, US6180546, EP0906250, GB2348640. A list of foreign patent numbers is available upon request to The Morgan Crucible Company plc. Thermal Ceramics, Superwool®, 607 and MAX are trademarks of The Morgan Crucible Company plc.

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<u>INGREDIENT & CAS NUMBER</u>	<u>% BY WEIGHT</u>	<u>OSHA PEL</u>	<u>ACGIH TLV</u>
Alkaline-Earth Silicate Wool ⁽¹⁾ 436083-99-7	100	15 mg/m ³ (total dust) 5 mg/m ³ (respirable dust)	10 mg/m ³ (inhalable dust) 3 mg/m ³ (respirable dust)

⁽¹⁾ **CAS definition:** Alkaline Earth Silicate (AES) consisting of silica (50-82 wt %), calcia and magnesia (18-43 wt %), alumina, titania and zirconia (less than 6 wt %), and trace oxides. This CAS composition also covers Morgan Thermal Ceramics products Calcium-Magnesium-Silicate Wool (CAS no. 329211-92-9) and Calcium-Magnesium-Zirconium-Silicate Wool (CAS no. 308084-09-5).

(See Section 8 "Exposure Controls / Personal Protection" for exposure guidelines.)

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

- May cause temporary, mild mechanical irritation to the eyes, skin, nose and/or throat.
- Pre-existing skin and respiratory conditions may be aggravated by exposure.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

RESPIRATORY TRACT (nose and throat) IRRITATION

If respiratory tract irritation develops, move the person to a dust free location. See Section 8 for additional measures to reduce or eliminate exposure.

EYE IRRITATION

If eyes become irritated, flush immediately with large amounts of lukewarm water for at least 15 minutes. Eyelids should be held away from the eyeball to ensure thorough rinsing. Do not rub eyes.

SKIN IRRITATION

If skin becomes irritated, remove soiled clothing. Do not rub or scratch exposed skin. Wash area of contact thoroughly with soap and water. Using a skin cream or lotion after washing may be helpful.

GASTROINTESTINAL IRRITATION

If gastrointestinal tract irritation develops, move the person to a dust free environment.

- If symptoms persist, seek medical attention. -

NOTE TO PHYSICIANS

Skin and respiratory effects are the result of temporary, mild mechanical irritation; fiber exposure does not result in allergic manifestations.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

NFPA Codes: Flammability: 0, Health: 1, Reactivity: 0, Special: 0

NFPA Unusual Hazards: None

Flammable Properties: None

Flash Point: None

Hazardous Decomposition Products: None

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazard: None

Extinguishing Media: Use extinguishing media suitable for type of surrounding fire.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

SPILL PROCEDURES

Avoid creating airborne dust. Dust suppressing cleaning methods such as wet sweeping or vacuuming should be used to clean the work area. If vacuuming, the vacuum should be equipped with a HEPA filter. Compressed air or dry sweeping should not be used for cleaning.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

STORAGE

Store in original factory container in a dry area. Keep container closed when not in use.

HANDLING

Limit use of power tools unless in conjunction with local exhaust. Use hand tools whenever possible. Frequently clean the work area with HEPA filtered vacuum or wet sweeping to minimize the accumulation of debris. Do not use compressed air for clean-up.

EMPTY CONTAINERS

Do not reuse the container.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATION**

It is prudent to reduce exposure to respirable dusts to the lowest attainable level through the use of engineering controls such as ventilation and dust collection devices. Industrial hygiene standards and occupational exposure limits may vary between countries, state and local jurisdictions. Contact your employer to determine which exposure levels apply to your facility. If no regulatory dust or other standards apply, a qualified industrial hygienist can assist with a specific workplace evaluation including recommendations for respiratory protection. In the absence of such guidance, the manufacturer generally recommends the control of CMS wool exposures to 1 fiber/cc or less.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS

Use feasible engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation, point of generation dust collection, down draft work stations, emission controlling tool designs, and materials handling equipment designed to minimize airborne fiber emissions.

PERSONAL PROTECTION EQUIPMENT**Skin Protection**

Wear gloves, head coverings and full body clothing as necessary to prevent skin irritation. Washable or disposable clothing may be used. If possible, do not take unwashed work clothing home. If soiled work clothing must be taken home, employers should ensure employees are trained on the best practices to minimize or avoid non-work dust exposure (e.g., vacuum clothes before leaving the work area, wash work clothing separately, rinse washer before washing other household clothes, etc.).

Eye Protection

Wear safety glasses with side shields or other forms of eye protection in compliance with appropriate OSHA standards to prevent eye irritation. The use of contact lenses is not recommended, unless used in conjunction with appropriate eye protection. Do not touch eyes with soiled body parts or materials. If possible, have eye-washing facilities readily available where eye irritation can occur.

Respiratory Protection

When it is not possible or feasible to reduce respirable dust exposures through engineering controls, employees are encouraged to use good work practices together with respiratory protection. Comply with OSHA Respiratory Protection Standards, 29 CFR 1910.134 and 29 CFR 1926.103, for the particular hazard or airborne concentrations to be encountered in the work environment. For the most current information on respirator selection, contact your supplier.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

ODOR AND APPEARANCE:	White odorless material with a wool type appearance
CHEMICAL FAMILY:	Calcium, Magnesium, Silicate Mixture
BOILING POINT:	Not Applicable
WATER SOLUBILITY (%):	Slight
MELTING POINT:	> 1400°C (2552°F)
SPECIFIC GRAVITY RANGE:	2.5 – 3.0 (for fiber)
VAPOR PRESSURE:	Not Applicable
pH:	Not Applicable
VAPOR DENSITY (Air = 1):	Not Applicable
% VOLATILE:	Not Applicable
MOLECULAR FORMULA:	Not Applicable

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

CHEMICAL STABILITY:	Stable under conditions of normal use
CHEMICAL INCOMPATIBILITIES:	Avoid contact with strong acids.
CONDITIONS TO AVOID:	None
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:	Upon heating above 900°C for sustained periods, this amorphous material begins to transform to mixtures of crystalline phases. For further information please refer to Section 16.
HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:	Not applicable

MSDS No: 600

Date Prepared: 03/30/2004

Current Date: 2/8/2011
Last Revised: (02/08/2011)

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

TOXICOLOGY

CMS wools have been tested for their biopersistence using methods devised by the European Union. The results from these studies exonerate CMS wools from carcinogen classification under the criteria listed in Nota Q of European Commission Directive 97/69/EU.

In a lifetime carcinogenicity test, rats were exposed by inhalation for two years (5 days a week; 6 hours a day) to CMS fibers at 200 WHO fibers/ml. There was neither fibrosis nor carcinogenic response; only reversible cellular changes were seen. Further, subchronic inhalation studies on rats with CMS fibers at concentrations of 150 fibers (>20 µm long) per ml for 90 days with follow up to 1 year showed neither inflammation nor cell proliferation. All parameters studied returned rapidly to baseline levels on cessation of exposure.

After-service, CMS wools may contain crystalline phases including some forms of silica. (See Section 16) However, CMS fibers heated to 1000°C for 2 weeks were not cytotoxic to macrophage-like cells at concentrations up to 320 µg/cm². In the same test, samples of pure crystalline quartz were significantly active at 20 µg/cm².

EPIDEMIOLOGY

This material has not been the subject of an epidemiology study.

NOTE

Neither the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) nor the National Toxicology Program nor any other U.S. regulatory or classification entity has evaluated CMS wool. Superwool products are members of a family of materials whose properties are distinct in several ways from other man-made mineral fibers. In October 2001 IARC re-reviewed Man-Made Vitreous Fibers and "elected not to make an overall evaluation of the newly developed fibers" [such as CMS wool] but recognized that "those that have been tested appear to have low carcinogenic potential in experimental animals."

While CMS wool is an inert material that does not react with the skin, exposures may cause temporary mild mechanical irritation to the eyes, skin, nose and/or throat (for First Aid Measurers, see Section 4). Proper handling practices and the use of protective clothing (see Section 8) can minimize irritation.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No adverse effects of this material on the environment are anticipated.

13. DISPOSAL INFORMATION

WASTE MANAGEMENT

To prevent waste materials becoming airborne, a covered container or plastic bagging is recommended.

RCRA

CMS wool, as manufactured, is not classified as a hazardous waste according to Federal regulations (40 CFR 261). As manufactured, CMS wool was tested using EPA's Toxicity Characteristics Leaching Procedure (TCLP). Results showed there were no detectable contaminants or detectable leachable contaminants that exceeded the regulatory levels. Any processing, use, alteration or chemical additions to the product, as purchased, may alter the disposal requirements. Under Federal regulations, it is the waste generator's responsibility to properly characterize a waste material, to determine if it is a "hazardous" waste. Check local, regional, state or provincial regulations to identify all applicable disposal requirements.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION (DOT)

Hazard Class: Not regulated
Labels: Not applicable
Placards: Not applicable
Bill of Lading: Product name

United Nations (UN) Number: Not applicable
North America (NA) Number: Not applicable

MSDS No: 600

Date Prepared: 03/30/2004

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INTERNATIONAL

Not classified as dangerous goods under ADR (road), RID (train), IATA (air) or IMDG (ship).

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

UNITED STATES REGULATIONS

- SARA Title III:** This product does not contain any substances reportable under Sections 302, 304, 313 (40 CFR 372). Sections 311 and 312 apply.
- OSHA:** Comply with Hazard Communication Standards 29 CFR 1910.1200 and 29 CFR 1926.59 and Respiratory Protection Standards 29 CFR 1910.134 and 29 CFR 1926.103.
- TSCA:** CMS wools have been assigned two CAS numbers; however, they are not required to be listed on the TSCA inventory.
- CERCLA:** CMS wool contains fibers with an average diameter greater than one micron and thus is not considered a CERCLA hazardous substance.
- CAA:** CMS wool contains fibers with an average diameter greater than one micron and thus is not considered a hazardous air pollutant.
- States:** CMS wools are not known to be regulated by any State. If in doubt, contact your local regulatory agency.

INTERNATIONAL REGULATIONS

- Canada WHMIS:** No Canadian Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System categories apply to this product.
- Canadian EPA:** All substances in this product are listed, as required, on the Domestic Substance List (DSL).
- European Union:** These products are exonerated from any carcinogenic classification in the countries of the European Union under the provisions of Nota Q of the European Commission Directive 97/69/EC.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

SUPERWOOL DEVITRIFICATION

As produced, Superwools are vitreous (glassy) AES Wools that do not contain crystalline silica. Continued exposure to elevated temperatures (>900°C) may cause these materials to form crystalline phases, including crystalline silica. The occurrence and extent of crystalline silica formation is dependent on the duration and temperature of exposure, CMS Wool chemistry and/or the presence of fluxing agents. The presence of crystalline silica can be confirmed only through laboratory analysis of the "hot face" fiber. If crystalline silica is present, follow appropriate hygiene standards and national regulations.

Devitrified, after-service Superwool, containing crystalline silica, has shown no adverse reactions in toxicity assays (See Section 11). These findings are consistent with IARC's evaluation, which states "Crystalline silica inhaled in the form of quartz or cristobalite from occupational sources is carcinogenic to humans (Group 1)" and additionally notes "carcinogenicity in humans was not detected in all industrial circumstances studied. Carcinogenicity may be dependent on inherent characteristics of the crystalline silica or on external factors affecting its biological activity or distribution of its polymorphs." (IARC Monograph Vol. 68, 1997).

Respirable dust from devitrified Superwool products can be controlled with ventilation, dust collectors or respiratory protection as detailed in Section 8 (above). Ventilation and respiratory protection should be provided in compliance with OSHA standards. The evaluation of workplace hazards and, if necessary, the identification of appropriate respiratory protection is best performed by qualified Industrial Hygienists.

For more information, call the Morgan Thermal Ceramics Product Stewardship Hotline (800-722-5681).

PRODUCT STEWARDSHIP PROGRAM

Morgan Thermal Ceramics has established a program to provide customers with up-to-date information regarding the proper use and handling of Superwool. If you would like more information about this program, please call your local supplier or visit one of the following web sites.

Morgan Thermal Ceramics - Global
Refractory Ceramic Fibers Coalition (USA)
ECFIA (Europe)

www.morganthermalceramics.com
www.RCFC.net
www.ecfia.org

LABELING

As product information labels may be required on Superwool packages, check local destination regulations before shipping.

HMIS HAZARD RATING

HMIS Health: 1
HMIS Flammable: 0
HMIS Reactivity: 0
HMIS Personal Protective: To be determined by user

DEFINITIONS

ACGIH:	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
ADR:	Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (International Regulation)
CAA:	Clean Air Act
CAS:	Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number
CERCLA:	Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act
EPA:	Environmental Protection Agency
EU:	European Union
f/cc:	Fibers per cubic centimeter
HEPA:	High Efficiency Particulate Air
HMIS:	Hazardous Materials Identification System
IARC:	International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA:	International Air Transport Association
IMDG:	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
mg/m ³ :	Milligrams per cubic meter of air
mppcf:	Million particles per cubic meter
MSHA:	Mine Safety and Health Administration
NFPA:	National Fire Protection Association
NIOSH:	National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health
OSHA:	Occupational Safety and Health Administration
PEL:	Permissible Exposure Limit
PNOC:	Particulates Not Otherwise Classified
PNOR:	Particulates Not Otherwise Regulated
RCRA:	Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
RID:	Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (International Regulation)
SARA:	Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act
Title III:	Emergency Planning and Community Right to Know Act
...Section 302:	Extremely Hazardous Substances
...Section 304:	Emergency Release
...Section 311:	MSDS/List of Chemicals
...Section 312:	Emergency and Hazardous Inventory
...Section 313:	Toxic Chemicals Release Reporting
STEL:	Short-Term Exposure Limit
TCLP:	Toxicity Characteristics Leaching Procedures (EPA)
TLV:	Threshold Limit Values (ACGIH)
TSCA:	Toxic Substance Control Act
WHMIS:	Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (Canada)
29 CFR 1910.134 & 1926.103:	OSHA Respiratory Protection Standards
29 CFR 1910.1200 & 1926.59:	OSHA Hazard Communication Standards

Revision Summary: MSDS: Minor changes applied throughout the entire MSDS

MSDS Prepared By: MORGAN THERMAL CERAMICS ENVIRONMENTAL, HEALTH & SAFETY DEPARTMENT

DISCLAIMER

The information presented herein is presented in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date of this Material Safety Data Sheet. Employers may use this MSDS to supplement other information gathered by them in their efforts to assure the health and safety of their employees and the proper use of the product. This summary of the relevant data reflects professional judgment; employers should note that information perceived to be less relevant has not been included in this MSDS. Therefore, given the summary nature of this document, Morgan Thermal Ceramics does not extend any warranty (expressed or implied), assume any responsibility, or make any representation regarding the completeness of this information or its suitability for the purposes envisioned by the user.